

Author Correction: Culex pipiens crossing type diversity is governed by an amplified and polymorphic operon of Wolbachia

Manon Bonneau, Célestine Atyame Nten, Marwa Beji, Fabienne Justy, Martin Cohen-Gonsaud, Mathieu Sicard, Mylene Weill

▶ To cite this version:

Manon Bonneau, Célestine Atyame Nten, Marwa Beji, Fabienne Justy, Martin Cohen-Gonsaud, et al.. Author Correction: Culex pipiens crossing type diversity is governed by an amplified and polymorphic operon of Wolbachia. Nature Communications, 2018, 9 (1), pp.1491. 10.1038/s41467-018-03799-4. pasteur-02011041

HAL Id: pasteur-02011041 https://riip.hal.science/pasteur-02011041v1

Submitted on 7 Feb 2019

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



Distributed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License



DOI: 10.1038/s41467-018-03799-4

OPEN

Author Correction: *Culex pipiens* crossing type diversity is governed by an amplified and polymorphic operon of *Wolbachia*

Manon Bonneau¹, Celestine Atyame^{1,2}, Marwa Beji³, Fabienne Justy¹, Martin Cohen-Gonsaud⁴, Mathieu Sicard¹ & Mylène Weill¹

Correction to: Nature Communications https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-017-02749-w, published online 22 January 2018

In the originally published HTML and PDF versions of this Article, gel images in Figs. 7c and 8c were not prepared as per the *Nature* journal policy. These figure panels have now been corrected in both the PDF and HTML versions of the Article.

In Fig. 7c, the lane labelled 'Ha' was inappropriately duplicated to represent the lane labelled 'Ich13'. The corrected version of Fig. 7c includes PCR-RFLP on DNA from the Ichkeul 13 line, which had been run on a separate gel. The original unprocessed gel images are provided in Supplementary Figure 1 associated with this correction, with the relevant corresponding bands denoted. A repeat experiment of the PCR-RFLP test is also presented as Supplementary Figure 2.

In Fig. 8c, the image was assembled from two separate gels without clear demarcation. The corrected Fig. 8c clearly separates lanes from the two gels, and the original unprocessed gel images are provided in the Supplementary Information associated with this correction.

These corrections do not alter the original meaning of the experiments, their results, their interpretation, or the conclusions of the paper. We apologize for any confusion this may have caused to the readers of *Nature Communications*.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

© The Author(s) 2018

¹ Institut des Sciences de l'Evolution de Montpellier (ISEM), UMR CNRS-IRD-EPHE-Université de Montpellier, Place Eugène Bataillon, 34095 Montpellier, France. ² Processus Infectieux en Milieu Insulaire Tropical (PIMIT), UMR CNRS-INSERM-IRD-Université de La Réunion, Sainte-Clotilde, 97490 Ile de La Réunion, France. ³ Institut Pasteur Tunis, Laboratory of Epidemiology and Veterinary Microbiology, University of Tunis El Manar, 1068 Tunis, Tunisia. ⁴ Centre de Biochimie Structurale (CBS), UMR CNRS-INSERM-Université de Montpellier, 29 rue de Navacelles, 34090 Montpellier, France. These authors contributed equally: Mathieu Sicard, Mylène Weill. Correspondence and requests for materials should be addressed to M.S. (email: mathieu.sicard@umontpellier.fr) or to M.W. (email: mylene.weil@umontpellier.fr)